Recent discovery of a resonance at 4260 MeV has taken the HEP community by surprise and seems to be a likely hybrid meson. So far only the pi pi J/psi decay mode has been observed but with limited data more understanding is not presently possible. BES-III, an e+ e- spectrometer in Beijing designed for high precision studies in the charmonium scale, has the ability to collide at 4260 MeV and obtain the largest data set yet of the Y(4260). My studies have been focused on possible radiative decays, which can paint a clearer picture of the nature of the Y(4260). Preliminary studies at 4010 MeV will also be presented.